



# WCRPL 2018

The 3<sup>rd</sup> World Congress on  
Recurrent Pregnancy Loss



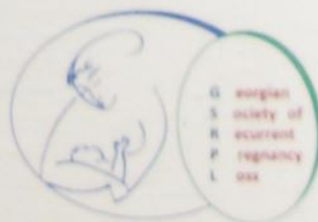
## The 3<sup>rd</sup> World Congress on Recurrent Pregnancy Loss 2018

June 27-29  
InterContinental Hotel, Madrid

### ABSTRACT BOOK



Israel Society of  
Obstetrics and  
Gynecology



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**WCRPL 2018**

The 3<sup>rd</sup> World Congress on  
Recurrent Pregnancy Loss



27-29 of June 2018

MADRID



Dear Colleagues and Friends,

It is our great pleasure to invite you to participate and to contribute to the success of the 3rd World Congress on Recurrent Pregnancy Loss (WCRPL) that will take place on 27-29 of June 2018, in Madrid.

Couples with RPL are seeking very much our help, when almost 50% of them do not have etiology. Additionally, other aspects are controversial.

The Third World Congress on Recurrent Pregnancy Loss 2018 is the perfect setting to get the most updated, state-of-the-art information on the latest developments in research and clinical practice in the main areas of recurrent pregnancy loss. It also gives you the opportunity to debate on controversial issues and to contribute, with your own voice.

The meeting will be stimulating, allowing each one of you the opportunity to meet and/or create your own professional network of colleagues and friends.

The world leaders in RPL will gather to give updated lectures in all spectra of RPL and this opportunity should not be missed.

This world congress will include lectures by invited speakers, original studies presentations, workshops, debates and case presentations as well as open discussions with the audience.

It is time for evidenced based strategies and new research!

We invite you to discover the assets of the town and make your stay most enjoyable and special.

On behalf of the Scientific and Organizing Committee, I look forward to welcoming you to what promises to be an exciting, meaningful and fruitful event.

Yours faithfully,



Prof. Asher Bashiri, President

President: World Congress on Recurrent  
Pregnancy Loss

*Asher Bashiri*



Prof. William H. Kutteh, Co-Chair

Co-Chair: World Congress on Recurrent  
Pregnancy Loss

*WHK*



## **Information:**

**Venue:** InterContinental Madrid Hotel, Address: Paseo de la Castellana, 49, Chamberí, 28046 Madrid, Spain

**Dates:** 27-29 of June 2018

**Language:** The official language of the Congress is English

## **CME Accreditation**



The EACCME is an institution of the European Union of Medical Specialists (UEMS)

“The WCRPL 2018 – The 3rd Congress on Recurrent Pregnancy Loss, Madrid, Spain, 27/06/2018-29/06/2018 has been accredited by the European Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (EACCME®) with **23** European CME credits (ECMEC®s). Each medical specialist should claim only those hours of credit that he/she actually spent in the educational activity.”

**27.06.2018 – 8,00 Credits, 28.06.2018 – 8,00 Credits, 29.06.2018 – 7,00 Credits**

## **Congress Manager:**

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245 - Poster

Obesity, Physical activity, environmental factors and RPL

**The correlation of overweight and threatened miscarriage of pregnancy in South Ukrainian women**

**Olga Nadvorna**, Oleksii Krugliachenko, Yuriy Petrovskiy, Irina Rudenko

*Obstetrics and Gynecology, Odessa National Medical University, Ukraine*

According to WHO report 53,5% of adults in Ukraine are overweight and 21,3% are obese. In addition, MOH of Ukraine reports STIs (Sexually transmitted infections) as a national problem of Ukrainian healthcare. The aim of this study was to assess the impact of the overweight and obesity, along with STIs on the risk of miscarriages in women of the South of Ukraine.

This was a cross-sectional prevalence study conducted in Odessa region (N=134). The data regarding obstetrics and gynecology anamnesis (miscarriages, medical abortions, complications of previous and current pregnancy) was collected. Our study showed that 68.7% of participants had at least one form of STI. 56,7% had a threatened miscarriage (1-sttrimester 20%, 2-nd – 35%, 3-rd – 21%, two or three trimesters – 24%). 11% of all cases were complicated with placental abruption (40% had a chronic candidiasis associated with papillomavirus (HPV)). Overweight and obesity were observed at 18% of women and was significant (OR 2.33 95% CI 1.08-5.1 p 0.045) predictor for threatened miscarriage in 2-nd trimester while 32% of participants had chronic candidiasis which correlates with placental abruption (OR5.05, 95% CI 1.3-19.4 sig 0.011) and 13% had HPV (OR 9, 95% CI 1.16-69.35, sig 0.012). In addition, participants with trichomoniasis had placental pathology with significant correlation (OR 1.5, 95% CI 0.4-6.2, sig 0.012).

This study showed that overweight and obesity were a risk factors of miscarriages along with STIs, however, further study needed in this field.